

# Bounding a good region

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## Introduction

Suppose a continuous random variable  $X$  follows power law distribution when  $X > x_{min}$  and  $\alpha > 1$ , then we have

$$f(x) = Cx^{-\alpha}, \quad x \in (x_{min}, \infty).$$

Let  $Y = \log X$  and  $y_{min} = \log x_{min}$ , then the conditional distribution of  $Y - y_{min} | Y > y_{min}$  follows  $\text{Exp}(\alpha - 1)$ .

# Different estimators

## Hill estimator

Suppose we have observation  $X_{(1)} \geq X_{(k)} \geq X_{(n)}$ , then

$$H_{k,n} = 1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k (y - y_{min})}.$$

## QQ estimator

We have

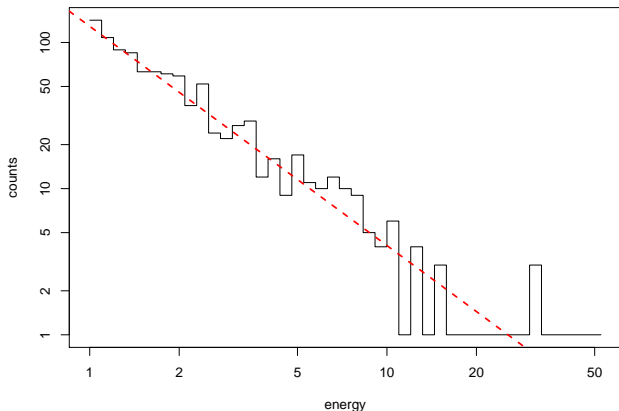
$$1 - F(y|y > y_{min}) = e^{-(\alpha-1)(y-y_{min})}$$

so we can get an estimator for  $\frac{1}{1-\alpha}$  if we perform linear regression for

$$\left[ \log \left( \frac{i}{k+1} \right), Y_{(i)} \right], \quad 1 \leq i \leq k.$$

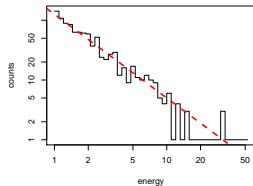
## An example

Suppose  $X_1, \dots, X_{1000}$  follows power law distribution with  $\alpha = 2.5$ , by Hill estimator we get  $\alpha = 2.522$  and by QQ estimator we get  $\alpha = 2.599$ . If we plot the log-log plot of the histogram of  $X$ , with the true density function.

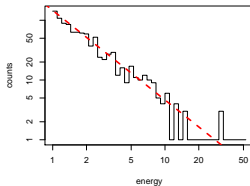


# weighted regression

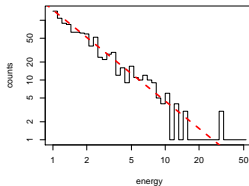
**beta=1, alpha=2.401**



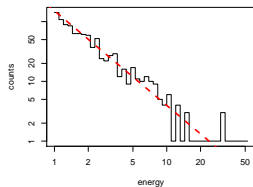
**beta=0.9, alpha=2.499**



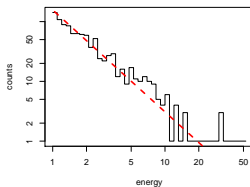
**beta=0.8, alpha=2.524**



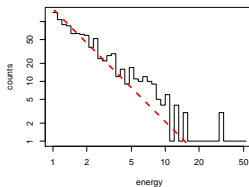
**beta=0.7, alpha=2.584**



**beta=0.6, alpha=2.706**

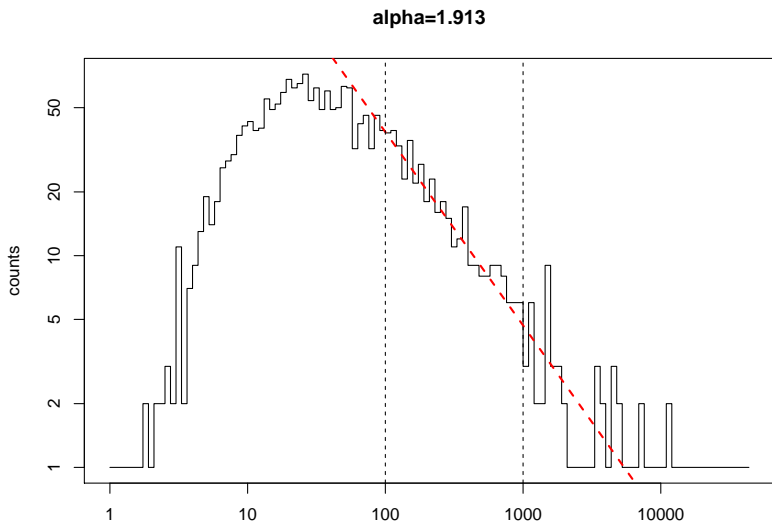


**beta=0.5, alpha=2.885**



## real data

By Hill estimator we get  $\alpha = 1.977$  and by QQ estimator we get  $\alpha = 1.951$ .



# weighted regression

